PERTH AMBOY PUBLIC SCHOOLS
BUILDINGS & GROUNDS DEPARTMENT

Administrative Headquarters Building
178 Barracks Street
Perth Amboy, NJ 08861
Phone: (732) 376-6200 ext. 30-281
Fax: (732) 638-1010

Miguel Carmona, CEFM
District Director of Operations

Luis A. Carrillo, Jr.
Operations Manager

Melvin L Cruz, CEFM
Head of Maintenance

Notice of Lead Testing Results in Drinking Water

5/30/2025

Dear Perth Amboy School District Community,

Our school system is committed to protecting student, teacher, and staff health. To protect our community, in accordance with the Department of Education regulations at N.J.A.C. 6A:26-12.4 **DUAL LANGUAGE SCHOOL** recently completed testing for lead in drinking water throughout our school facilities.

In accordance with the Department of Education regulations, DUAL LANGUAGE SCHOOL will implement immediate remedial measures for any drinking water outlet with a result greater than the action level of 15 µg/l (parts per billion [ppb]). This includes turning off the outlet unless it is determined the location must remain on for non-drinking purposes. In these cases, a *"DO NOT DRINK – SAFE FOR HANDWASHING ONLY"* sign will be posted.

Results of our Testing
Following instructions given in technical guidance developed by the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection, we completed a plumbing profile for each of the buildings within DUAL LANGUAGE SCHOOL. Through this effort, we identified and tested all drinking water and food preparation outlets.

Summary of Results:
Testing Date: 5/7/2025
Total Outlets Tested: 13
Number of Outlets Above Action Level: 1

You may view the full test results on our website at:
https://www.paps.net/Page/18663

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The table below identifies the drinking water outlets that tested above the 15 µg/l for lead with the associated first draw and follow-up flush sample lead levels, as well as what temporary remedial action DLS has taken or plans to take to reduce the levels of lead at these locations.

Sample Location	First Draw Result in µg/l (ppb)	Follow-up flush Result in µg/l (ppb)	Remedial Action
Nurse Office Sink ID#DLS-NS-7	36.1	N/A	Immediately ceased potable usage. Posted signage "DO NOT DRINK- SAFE FOR HANDWASHING ONLY"

The following actions were taken regarding DLS lead in school drinking water exceedances:

1. Immediately ceased potable usage. Posted signage "DO NOT DRINK- SAFE FOR HANDWASHING ONLY"
2. Alternate drinking water is being provided to students and staff of the school from other existing outlets tested below lead action levels.

Health Effects of Lead

High levels of lead in drinking water can cause health problems. Lead is most dangerous for pregnant women, infants, and children under 6 years of age. It can cause damage to the brain and kidneys and can interfere with the production of red blood cells that carry oxygen to all parts of your body. Exposure to high levels of lead during pregnancy contributes to low birth weight and developmental delays in infants. In young children, lead exposure can lower IQ levels, affect hearing, reduce attention span, and hurt school performance. At very high levels, lead can even cause brain damage. Adults with kidney problems and high blood pressure can be affected by low levels of lead more than healthy adults.

How Lead Enters our Water

Lead is unusual among drinking water contaminants in that it seldom occurs naturally in water supplies like groundwater, rivers, and lakes. Lead enters drinking water primarily because of the corrosion, or wearing away, of materials containing lead in the water distribution system and in building plumbing. These materials include lead-based solder used to join copper pipe, brass, and chrome-plated brass faucets. In 1986, Congress banned the use of lead solder containing greater than 0.2% lead, and restricted the lead content of faucets, pipes, and other plumbing materials. However, even the lead in plumbing materials meeting these new requirements is subject to corrosion. When water stands in lead pipes or plumbing systems containing lead for several hours or more, the lead may dissolve into the drinking water. This means the first water drawn from the tap in the morning may contain fairly high levels of lead.

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Lead in Drinking Water

Lead in drinking water, although rarely the sole cause of lead poisoning can significantly increase a person's total lead exposure, particularly the exposure of children under the age of 6. EPA estimates that drinking water can make up 20% or more of a person's total exposure to lead.

For More Information

A copy of the test results is available in our central office for inspection by the public, including students, teachers, other school personnel, and parents, and can be viewed between the hours of 8:30 a.m. and 3:30 p.m. and are also available on our website at https://www.paps.net/Page/18663.

We are committed to providing a safe and healthy learning environment. If you have any questions, please contact Melvin L Cruz, Head of Maintenance at 732.376.6200 Ext. 30281 or melvicruz@paps.net.

Sincerely,
Miguel Carmona, CEFM
District Director of Operations

Building	DateCollected	AnalysisDate	Sample ID	Sample Description	Concentration (ppb)
DLS	4/26/2025	5/7/2025	1	DLS-S-1	<1.00
DLS	4/26/2025	5/7/2025	2	DLS-WC-2	<1.00
DLS	4/26/2025	5/7/2025	3	DLS-B-3	<1.00
DLS	4/26/2025	5/7/2025	4	DLS-B-4	<1.00
DLS	4/26/2025	5/7/2025	5	DLS-BF-5	<1.00
DLS	4/26/2025	5/7/2025	6	DLS-BF-6	<1.00
DLS	4/26/2025	5/7/2025	7	DLS-NS-7	36.1
DLS	4/26/2025	5/7/2025	8	DLS-TL-8	2.95
DLS	4/26/2025	5/7/2025	12	DLS-WC-12	<1.00
DLS	4/26/2025	5/7/2025	13	QA/QC-BLANK	<1.00

EHS Laboratories
ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS SERVICES, LLC
7469 Whitepine Rd
North Chesterfield, VA 23237
Telephone: 800.347.4010

Lead in Drinking Water Analysis Report

Report Number: 25-05-00229

Client: LEW Corp
181 US Hwy 46
Mine Hill, NJ 07803

Received Date: 05/01/2025
Reported Date: 05/08/2025
Sampled By: Marvin Ayumbi
Tech Certification #:

Project/Test Address: 2389; DLS; 630 Amboy Ave; Perth Amboy, NJ

Client Number:
201327

Laboratory Results

Fax Number:
Ext 18 Melissa

Lab Sample Number	Client Sample ID	Collection Date	Collection Location	Concentration ug/L (ppb)	Analysis Date	Narrative ID
25-05-00229-001	1	04/26/2025	DLS-S-1	<1.00	05/07/2025	
25-05-00229-002	2	04/26/2025	DLS-WC-2	<1.00	05/07/2025	
25-05-00229-003	3	04/26/2025	DLS-B-3	<1.00	05/07/2025	
25-05-00229-004	4	04/26/2025	DLS-B-4	<1.00	05/07/2025	
25-05-00229-005	5	04/26/2025	DLS-BF-5	<1.00	05/07/2025	
25-05-00229-006	6	04/26/2025	DLS-BF-6	<1.00	05/07/2025	
25-05-00229-007	7	04/26/2025	DLS-NS-7	36.1	05/07/2025	
25-05-00229-008	8	04/26/2025	DLS-TL-8	2.95	05/07/2025	
25-05-00229-009	12	04/26/2025	DLS-WC-12	<1.00	05/07/2025	
25-05-00229-010	13	04/26/2025	QA/QC-BLANK	<1.00	05/07/2025	

Environmental Hazards Services, L.L.C

Client Number: 201327 Report Number: 25-05-00229

Project/Test Address: 2389; DLS; 630 Amboy Ave; Perth Amboy, NJ

Lab Sample Number	Client Sample ID	Collection Date	Collection Location	Concentration ug/L (ppb)	Analysis Date	Narrative ID

Method: EPA 200.8
Analyst: Nicole Holloway
Accreditation #: NJ VA008

Reviewed By Authorized Signatory: Melissa Kanode

Melissa Kanode

QA/QC Clerk

Sample Results denoted with a "less than" (<) sign contain less than the reporting limit which is 1 ppb.

The EPA Maximum Contaminant Level for Lead in Drinking Water is 15 ppb. The results herein conform to NELAC standards, where applicable, unless otherwise narrated on this report. Results represent the analysis of samples submitted by the client. Sample location, description, field parameter results, etc., were provided by the client. This report cannot be reproduced, except in full, without written approval from Environmental Hazards Services, L.L.C.

LEGEND ug/L= micrograms per liter ppb = parts per billion